WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A peptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12.
- 2. The peptide of claim 1, wherein the peptide is a linear peptide or a cyclic peptide.
- 3. A peptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12, the peptide being no more than 50 amino acid residues in length.
- 4. The peptide of claim 3, wherein the peptide is a linear peptide or a cyclic peptide.
- 5. A peptide comprising an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:13, 27 or 32, the peptide being at least 6 and no more than 50 amino acid residues in length.
- 6. The peptide of claim 5, wherein the peptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 6, 8, and 12.
- 7. The peptide of claim 5, wherein the amino acid sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 6, and 12.
- 8. The peptide of claim 5, wherein the peptide is a linear peptide or a cyclic peptide.
- 9. A composition-of-matter comprising at least two peptides, each independently selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12.

- 10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:13, 27 or 32, said peptide being at least 6 and no more than 50 amino acid residues in length and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 11. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10, wherein said peptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 6, and 12.
- 12. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10, wherein said amino acid sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 6, and 12.
- 13. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 10, wherein said peptide is a linear peptide or a cyclic peptide.
- 14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a peptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 15. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12, said peptide being no more than 50 amino acid residues in length and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 16. A method of promoting angiogenesis in a tissue of a subject, the method comprising providing to the subject, a therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:13, 27 or 32, said peptide being at least 6 and no more than 50 amino acid residues in length, to thereby promote angiogenesis in the subject.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein said peptide is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 6, and 12.

- 18. The method of claim 16, wherein said amino acid sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 6, and 12.
- 19. The method of claim 16, wherein said peptide is a linear peptide or a cyclic peptide.
- 20. The method of claim 16, wherein the subject suffers from arteriosclerosis, retinopathy, remodeling disorder, von Hippel-Lindau syndrome, diabetes and/or hereditary hemorrhagic telengiectasia.
- 21. A method of promoting angiogenesis in a tissue of a subject, the method comprising providing to the subject, a therapeutically effective amount of a peptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12, to thereby promote angiogenesis in the subject.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein the subject suffers from arteriosclerosis, retinopathy, remodeling disorder, von Hippel-Lindau syndrome, diabetes and/or hereditary hemorrhagic telengiectasia.
- 23. A method of promoting angiogenesis in a tissue of a subject, the method comprising providing to the subject, a therapeutically effective amount of a peptide having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12, said peptide being no more than 50 amino acid residues in length, to thereby promote angiogenesis in the subject.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the subject suffers from arteriosclerosis, retinopathy, remodeling disorder, von Hippel-Lindau syndrome, diabetes and/or hereditary hemorrhagic telengiectasia.
- 25. A nucleic acid construct comprising a polynucleotide sequence encoding the peptide of claim 1.
 - 26. The nucleic acid construct of claim 25, further comprising a promoter.

- 27. A nucleic acid construct comprising a polynucleotide sequence encoding the peptide of claim 5.
 - 28. The nucleic acid construct of claim 27, further comprising a promoter.
- 29. A nucleic acid construct comprising a polynucleotide sequence encoding the peptide of claim 7.
 - 30. The nucleic acid construct of claim 25, further comprising a promoter.
- 31. A composition for targeting a drug to endothelial cells, the composition comprising the drug fused to a peptide having an amino acid sequence as set forth in SEQ ID NO:13, 27 or 32, said peptide being at least 6 and no more than 50 amino acid residues in length.
- 32. The composition of claim 31, wherein the drug is selected from the group consisting of a toxin, a chemotherapeutic agent and a radioisotope.
- 33. A composition for targeting a drug to endothelial cells, the composition comprising the drug fused to a peptide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12.
- 34. A composition for targeting a drug to endothelial cells, the composition comprising the drug fused to a peptide having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12, said peptide being no more than 50 amino acid residues in length.
- 35. A method of identifying putative angiogenic molecules, the method comprising:
- (a) providing endothelial cells having peptides bound thereto, each of said peptides having an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12, said peptide being no more than 50 amino acid residues in length; and

(b) identifying a molecule capable of displacing said peptides from said endothelial cells, to thereby identify putative angiogenic molecules.